FastGene®

Restriction Enzyme StyD4 I

Cat.#	Size	Conc.
FG-StyD4I	200 units	5 units/µl

Store at -20℃

Supplied with: 10X FastGene® Buffer IV (FG-REB4)
10X FastGene® FastCut Buffer (FG-REBHF)
6X DNA Loading Buffer
Sterile water

Recognition site

5' ···C C N G G···3'
3' ···G G N C C···5'

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

ISO9001

Source: *Salmonella typhi* D4

Reaction conditions
1X FastGene® Buffer IV, 37℃
1X FastGene® FastCut Buffer, 37℃

FastGene® FastCut Buffer
FastGene® restriction enzyme can cut substrate DNA in 5-15 with FastGene® FastCut Buffer.

1X FastGene® Buffer IV
20 mM Tris-acetate (pH 7.9 at 25℃)
50 mM potassium acetate
10 mM magnesium acetate
100 µg/ml BSA

Unit definition
One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 µg of λ DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

Quality control
- Unit definition assay
- Overdigestion assay
- Endonuclease assay
- Extreme pure assay

Dilution buffer:
FastGene® Diluent B

Heat Inactivation
StyD4 I can be inactivated at 65℃ for 20 min.

Methylation sensitivity
dam methylation: Not sensitive
dcm methylation: Conditionally sensitive
CpG methylation: Conditionally sensitive

Relative activity in FastGene® Buffers
FastGene® Buffer I: 10%
FastGene® Buffer II: 100%
FastGene® Buffer III: 100%
FastGene® Buffer IV: 100%
FastGene® FastCut Buffer: 100%

Note
Cleavage is blocked by *dcm* methylation overlapping its recognition sequence. Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA can be blocked by CpG methylation that partially overlaps its recognition sequence.

Standard reaction condition
- Normal protocol

Component	Final Conc.	Volume
Substrate DNA	1 µg	X µl
10X FastGene® Buffer IV	1 X	5 µl
StyD4 I	5 unit	1 µl
Sterile water		up to 50 µl

→ Incubate at 37℃ for 1 hr

- Fast protocol

Component	Final Conc.	Volume
Substrate DNA	1 µg	X µl
10X FastGene® FastCut Buffer	1 X	5 µl
StyD4 I	5 unit	1 µl
Sterile water		up to 50 µl

→ Incubate at 37℃ for 15 min

※ We recommend 5-10 units of enzyme per µg DNA and 10-20 units for genomic DNA in a 1 h digest.